

MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR FIRST YEAR FIRSTSEMESTER

SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS BSC. ECONOMICS/BSC. FINANCIAL ECONOMICS/BSC. ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ECONOMICS

COURSE CODE: ECO 1104 COURSE TITLE:FUNDAMENTALS OF MATHEMATICS

DATE: 11TH DECEMBER 2018

TIME: 11.00AM - 13.00PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer ALL questions in SECTION A and ANY OTHER THREE questions from SECTION B

This paper consists of THREE printed pages. Please turn over.

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Question one (25Marks)

- a) State two broad applications of mathematics in economic analysis (2 Marks)
- b) A new car has been bought for \$75000 and is assumed to decrease in value by 5% per year over aten -year period. What is its value after tenyears?**(3 Marks)**
- c) Give economic interpretations to each of the following expressions and then use a calculator to find the appropriate values
 - i. 50000(1.07)¹⁴(3 Marks)
 - ii. 7500(0.86)²⁰(3 Marks)
- d) A ball with radius r metres has a volume of $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ cubic metres. By how much does the volume expand if the radius increases by one metre. (3 Marks)
- e) Find what values of x satisfy $10x 6 \ge x + 12$ (3Marks)
- f) At the beginning of the year, an investor had £50000 in two bank accounts, each of which paid interest annually. The interest rates were 4% and 6% per annum respectively. If the investor has made no withdrawals during the year and has earned a total of has made no withdrawals during the year and has earned a total of £2750 interest, what was the initial balance in each of the two accounts? (4 Marks)F
- g) Solve the systems of equations

i.
$$2x - 6y = 4$$

 $x - 8y = 2$ (2Marks)
ii. $2x - 4y = 19$
 $-5x + 3y = 11$ (2Marks)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Question two (15Marks)

- a) Sketch a graph of the straight line y = 2x + 3 for $0 \le x \le 4$ (2 Marks)
- b) Determine the slope and intercept of the straight line 9x + 3y = 4**(3 Marks)**
- c) A person has £120 to spend on two goods (*X*, *Y*) whose respective prices are £3 and £5.
 - i. Draw a budget line showing all the different combination of the two goods that can be bought with the given budget B.**(4 Marks)**
 - ii. What happens to the original budget line if the budget falls by 25%?Hence draw the budget line on the same graph in (i) above. (3 Marks)
 - iii. What happens to the original budget line if the price of X doubles? Hence draw the budget line on the same graph in (i) above. **(3 Marks)**

Question three (15Marks)

a) The demand and supply equation of a good are given by

$$4P = -Q_d + 240$$

 $5P = Q_s + 30$ Determine the equilibrium price and quantity.(3 Marks)

b) The demand and supply functions of a good are given by

$$P = -Q_d + 125$$

 $2P = 3Q_s + 30$ Determine:

- i. The equilibrium price and quantity
- ii. The effect on the market equilibrium if the government decides to impose a fixed tax of £5 on each good. (3Marks)
- iii. Who pays the tax? Hence or otherwise how much? (2 Marks)
- c) Sketch the graph of the function $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x 2$ for integer values of x for which $-4 \le x \le 2$. Hence solve the equation $2x^2 + 3x 2 = 0$ using the graph. **(5 Marks)**

Question four (15Marks)

- a) Solve the quadratic equation $4x^2 11x + 6 = 0$ using the formula.(**3Marks**)
- b) If the fixed costs are 18, variable costs per unit are 4 and the demand function is P = 24 2Q.
 - i. Obtain an expression for profit function, π in terms of Q. Hence or otherwise sketch a graph of π against Q for P = 24 2Q.(8 Marks)
 - ii. For what values of Q does the firm break even? (1Marks)
 - iii. Determine the maximum value of the profit function. (3 Marks)

Question five (15 Marks)

- a) Simplify the expression
 - i. $\frac{Y-1}{Y+1} \frac{1-Y}{Y-1} \frac{-1+4Y}{2(Y+1)}$ (3 Marks)
 - ii. $\frac{X-Y}{X+Y} \frac{X}{X-Y} + \frac{3XY}{X^2-Y^2}$ (4 Marks)
- b) Let $A = \{11, 12, 13, 14, 15\}$ and $B = \{13, 16\}$. Find:
 - i. *A* ∪ *B*(1 Mark)
 - ii. *A* ∩ *B*(1 Mark)
 - iii. A∖B
 - iv. B\A

(1 Mark) (1 Mark)

(2Marks)

c) An electrical company has a budget of £6000 a week to spend on the manufacture of toasters and kettles. It costs £5 to manufacture a toaster and £12 to manufacture a kettle. Write down the equation of the budget line and sketch its graph. (4 Marks)

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