



# **MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY**

**REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS  
THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER**

**SCHOOL OF BUSINESS & ECONOMICS  
BACHELOR OF ARTS IN ECONOMICS**

**COURSE CODE: ECO312**

**COURSE TITLE: MATHEMATICS FOR ECONOMISTS**

**DATE: 20<sup>TH</sup> APRIL 2018**

**TIME: 1100 - 1300HRS**

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

**Answer Question ONE and any other THREE questions**

### QUESTION ONE

- a) Use an example to distinguish between differential and difference equations? **[4 Marks]**
- b) If the probability of a discrete random variable  $X$  with space  $R_x = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 12\}$  is given by  $f(x) = k(2x-1)$ . Use the properties of probabilities density functions to solve for  $k$ . **[6 Marks]**
- c) Use the knowledge of differentiation to explain how you can determine maxima and/or minima for simple functions? **[7 Marks]**
- d) State Euler's Theorem? **[4 Marks]**
- e) Explain two types of integrals? **[4 Marks]**

### QUESTION TWO

- a) State the fundamental law of calculus? **[4 Marks]**
- b) Use the fundamental law of calculus to find  $f(t)$  given that  $F(t) = \ln(t^4)$ . **[8 Marks]**
- c) Give one reason why this law is important to us. **[3 Marks]**

### QUESTION THREE

Suppose you have an equation of the form

$$F(t,x,y) = \ln(t^4 + x^2 + y^3 + 2xy^9)$$

- a) Find the partial derivative with respect to all the independent variables? **[6 Marks]**
- b) How can we interpret the partial derivatives obtained in a) above? **[4 Marks]**
- c) Find the total derivative of this function? **[5 Marks]**

### QUESTION FOUR

- a) State the adding up theorem? **[3 Marks]**
- b) Suppose you are given a total production function  $Q = (MPL)L + (MPK)k$ , where  $Q$ =Total Output,  $MPL$ = Marginal Product of labour,  $MPK$ =Marginal product of capital,  $L$ =Labour and  $k$ =Capital
- i) Obtain the value of marginal product of labour and capital? **[6 Marks]**
- ii) Find the value of output if price= $P$ ? **[6 Marks]**

### QUESTION FIVE

Suppose the differential equation of proportional change is

$$dy/dt = ky$$

- a) Derive the law of exponential growth and decay? **[8 Marks]**
- b) Explain two areas where this law can be put to use in Economics? **[7 Marks]**

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