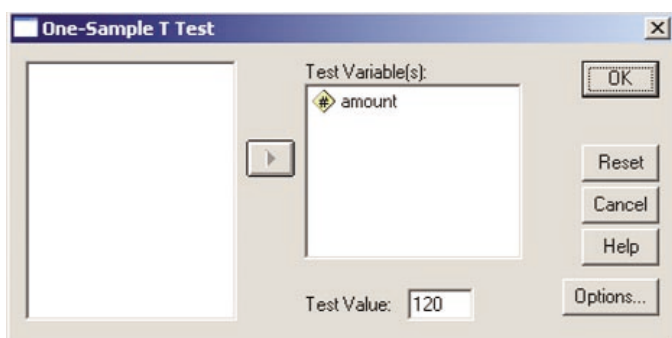


### A9.3 (CD-ROM TOPIC) USING SPSS FOR ONE SAMPLE TESTS OF HYPOTHESIS

#### Using SPSS for the One-Sample Test of Hypothesis for the Mean ( $\sigma$ Unknown)

You can use SPSS to test a hypothesis for the population mean when  $\sigma$  is unknown. To perform the test of hypothesis for the population mean invoice amount of section 9.4 on page 318, open the **INVOICES.SAV** file. Select **Analyze** → **Compare Means** → **One-Sample T Test**. In the One-Sample T Test dialog box (see Figure A9.6), enter **amount** in the Test Variable(s): edit box. Enter **120** in the Test Value: edit box. Click the **OK** button. Figure A9.7 illustrates the SPSS output.



**FIGURE A9.6** SPSS One-Sample T Test Dialog Box

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
amount	12	112.8508	20.79799	6.00386

	Test Value = 120					
	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
amount	-1.191	11	.259	-7.14917	-20.3636	6.0652

**FIGURE A9.7** SPSS Output for the One-Sample t Test of Sales Invoices