

MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR SECOND YEAR FIRST TRIMESTER

SCHOOL OF PURE, APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES DIPLOMA IN FOODS, NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

COURSE CODE: DND 2103
COURSE TITLE: NUTRITION ACROSS THE
LIFESPAN

DATE: 7TH **DECEMBER, 2023 TIME: 0830-1030 HRS**

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

Section A: Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL Questions Section B: Short Answer Questions. Answer ALL Questions

Section C: Long Answer Questions. Answer Question ONE and any other ONE

question.

This paper consists of 5 printed pages. Please turn over.

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS). SELECT THE CORRECT ANSWER.

- 1. What should you do with picky eaters?
 - A. Force them to eat it. They will learn to love it
 - B. Offer them a lot of unfamiliar foods at the same time. That way you get it over with.
 - C. Don't do anything and just provide the food they want and ask for
 - D. Lead by example and don't pressure them. Help the food look good and fun
- 2. What should children drink?
 - A. Anything they want.
 - B. Their bodies will know what is best for them.
 - C. Water instead of sugary drinks
 - D. Soda, juice, and flavored milks
- 3. Which mineral is deficient in the body when a person is diagnosed with anemia?
 - A. Magnesium
 - B. Copper
 - C. Iron
 - D. Calcium
- 4. Which nutrient helps in the prevention of osteoporosis?
 - A. Vitamin A
 - B. Folate
 - C. Iron
 - D. Calcium
- 5. Why do adults need fewer calories?
 - A. Their metabolism speeds up
 - B. Their metabolism slows down
 - C. They get more tired easier so they get fatter
 - D. They don't need fewer calories
- 6. The elderly lose their sense of taste and smell putting them at greater risk of:
 - A. Calcium deficiency
 - B. Food poisoning
 - C. Too much sodium
 - D. Heart disease
- 7. What factors make it difficult for the Elderly to get good nutrition?
 - A. Live alone
 - B. Disabilities

C. Financial Reasons D. A, B and C 8. What is NOT one of the stages of the life cycle that we talked about? A. Children B. Adolescents C. Young Adults D. Elderly 9. What 2 nutrients are especially important for teens (choose 2 answers) A. Calcium and Iron B. Proteins and fats C. Vitamin C and Omega 3's D. Fruits and Vegetables 10. If adults eat the same amount of food as when they were younger, they are likely to: A. Gain Weight B. Lose Weight C. Maintain Weight 11. What element does Iron in the blood transport?

12. All these are the common eating disorders among the teenagers, except?

14. Jessica is aged 22 and she weighs 90 kg and her stature is 170 cm tall. What is

A. CalciumB. HydrogenC. Vitamin D

D. OxygenE. Nitrogen

C. Anemia

A. any timeB. 3 monthsC. 6 months

D. 1 year

her BMI?

A. 27 kg/m²

A. Anorexia nervosa,B. Bulimia nervosa

D. Binge eating disorders

13. Children should not have cow's milk until age...?

B. 31 kg/m2
C. 21 kg/m2
D. 19 kg/m2
15. Swelling around the body tissues especially around ankle, feet, legs and
face is called
A. Edema
B. Swelling
C. Plaque
D. All of the above
16. To check body growth Head and chest measurements are used in
A. Elderly people
B. Adults
C. Women
D. Children
17. Additional supply of is required for pregnant mother
A. 800kcal/day
B. 1200kcal/day
C. 500kcal/day
D. 300 kcal/day
18. Which of the following food group provides fiber?
A. Milk and cheese
B. Meat group
C. Fats, oils and sweets
D. Bread and cereals
19. All of the following are nutrients found in food except:
A. Plasma
B. Proteins
C. Carbohydrates
D. Vitamins
20. Clinical symptom of Osteoporosis.
A. Easy fracture
B. Low bone density
C. stooped posture
D. Back pain

SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS). ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.

- 1. Name four (4) nutrients that are important during the elderly stage **4mks**
- 2. Identify four (4) causes of iodine deficiency disorders (IDD) 4mks
- 3. Outline four (4) tips that may help in managing heartburn. **4mks**
- Identify the most common nutritional disorders in children under five years in developing countries, Kenya included.

 4mks
- 5. List four (4) the stages in the lifecycle that are vulnerable to malnutrition.

4mks

- 6. Discuss the link between malnutrition and poverty. **4mks.**
- 7. State four (4) physiological changes that occur during elderly stage.

4mks.

- 8. Highlight on four ways of managing diarrhea in infancy stage. **4mks**
- 9. State four (4) consequences of maternal folic acid deficiency. **4mks**
- 10. Highlight four (4) benefits of breast feeding to the infant

 4mks

SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS).QUESTION ONE IS COMPULSORY, THEN CHOOSE EITHER QUESTION 2 OR 3.

- a. Discuss five (5) foods to avoid during adulthood.
 b. Discuss five (5) nutrition intervention methods used in dealing with nutrition problems and concerns.

 10mks
- 2. Discuss ten (10) practices that can help expectant women get the nutrients needed for a healthy pregnancy. **20mks.**
- 3. a. Explain five (5) practical aspects of successful breastfeeding.
 b. Justify that the following nutrient requirements of the elderly.
 10mks.
 10mks.