



MAASAI MARA UNIVERSITY

REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR

SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND INFORMATION SCIENCES

**FOURTH YEAR SEMESTER I EXAMINATIONS FOR THE BACHELOR OF
SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE**

COURSE CODE: COM 4107

COURSE TITLE: COMPUTER GRAPHICS

DATE: 10TH DECEMBER, 2019

TIME: 1430 - 1630 HRS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

ANSWER Question ONE and any other TWO

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) [30 MARKS]

- a. Explain the following terms in relations to Computer Graphics
- i. View Volume
 - ii. Horizontal Retrace
 - iii. Resolution
 - iv. Vector graphic
- [8 marks]**
- b. LCD's technologies allow displays to be much thinner when compared to cathode ray tube (CRT) technology. Discuss this phenomena
- [4 Marks]**
- c. Explain the basic graphic primitives for drawing in computer graphics:
- [6 marks]**
- d. Derive clearly while explaining your steps, the algorithm DDA as used in line generation in Computer graphics. Deduce pseudo code to support your derivation.
- [12 Marks]**

QUESTION TWO [20 MARKS]

- a. Write a python program to implement the digital difference analyzer algorithm and explain your code along the algorithm
- [12 Marks]**
- b. Using a diagram, discuss the graphic pipeline and the processes involved in it.
- [8 Marks]**

QUESTION THREE [20 MARKS]

- a) A triangle is defined by the following vertices A (2,3) , B(2,4), C(3,3).
Perform the following transformations.

- i. Translate the triangle in space by 3 units in x-direction and 4 units in y-direction. **[3 Marks]**
 - ii. Scale the original triangle by factor of 1.5 **[2 Marks]**
 - iii. Rotate the original triangle by 35° about the origin. **[3 Marks]**
- b) Find the reflection of the point (2, 10) about the line $y=4x+5$. **[12 Marks]**

QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS]

- a. Wireframe modeling is the process of visual presentation of a three-dimensional or physical object used in 3-D computer graphics. Explain the merits of wire-frame modelling. **[8 Marks]**
- b. Given a circle radius $r=14$, demonstrate the mid-point circle algorithm by determining the positions along the circle octants in the first quadrant from $x=0$ to $x=y$. **[12 Marks]**

//END